



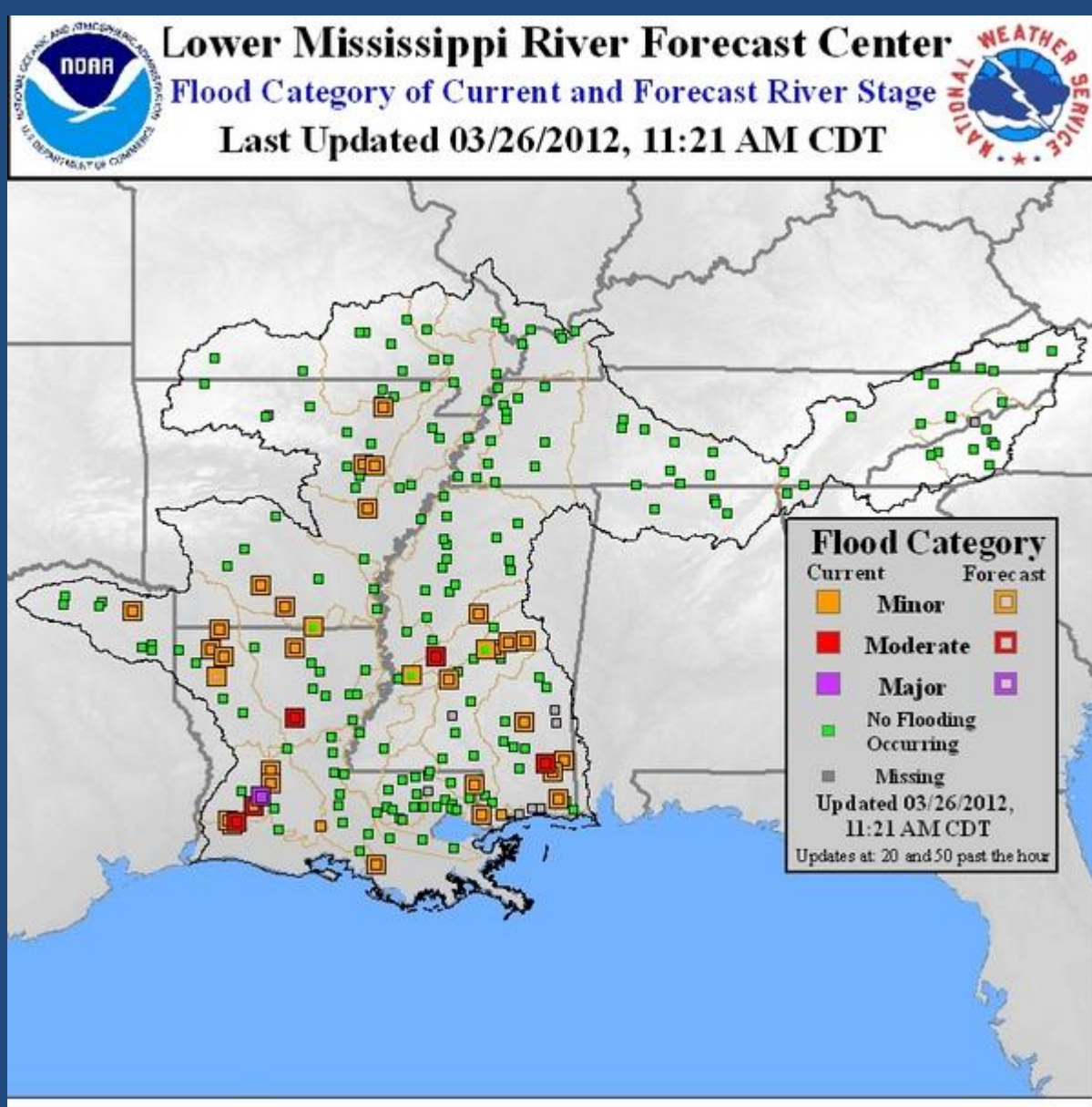
Lower Mississippi River Forecast Center Operations



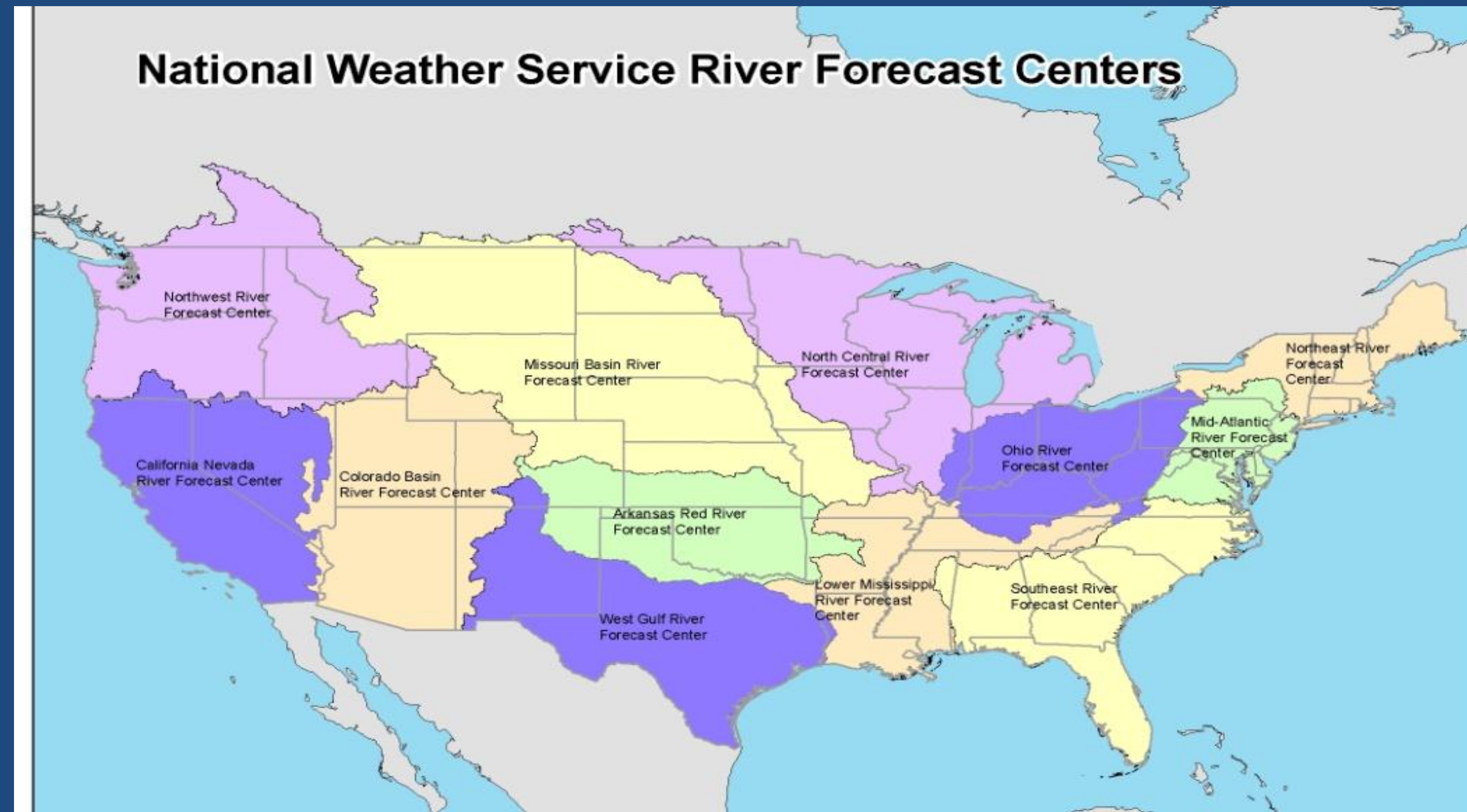
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River Forecast Centers

Lower Mississippi Service Area



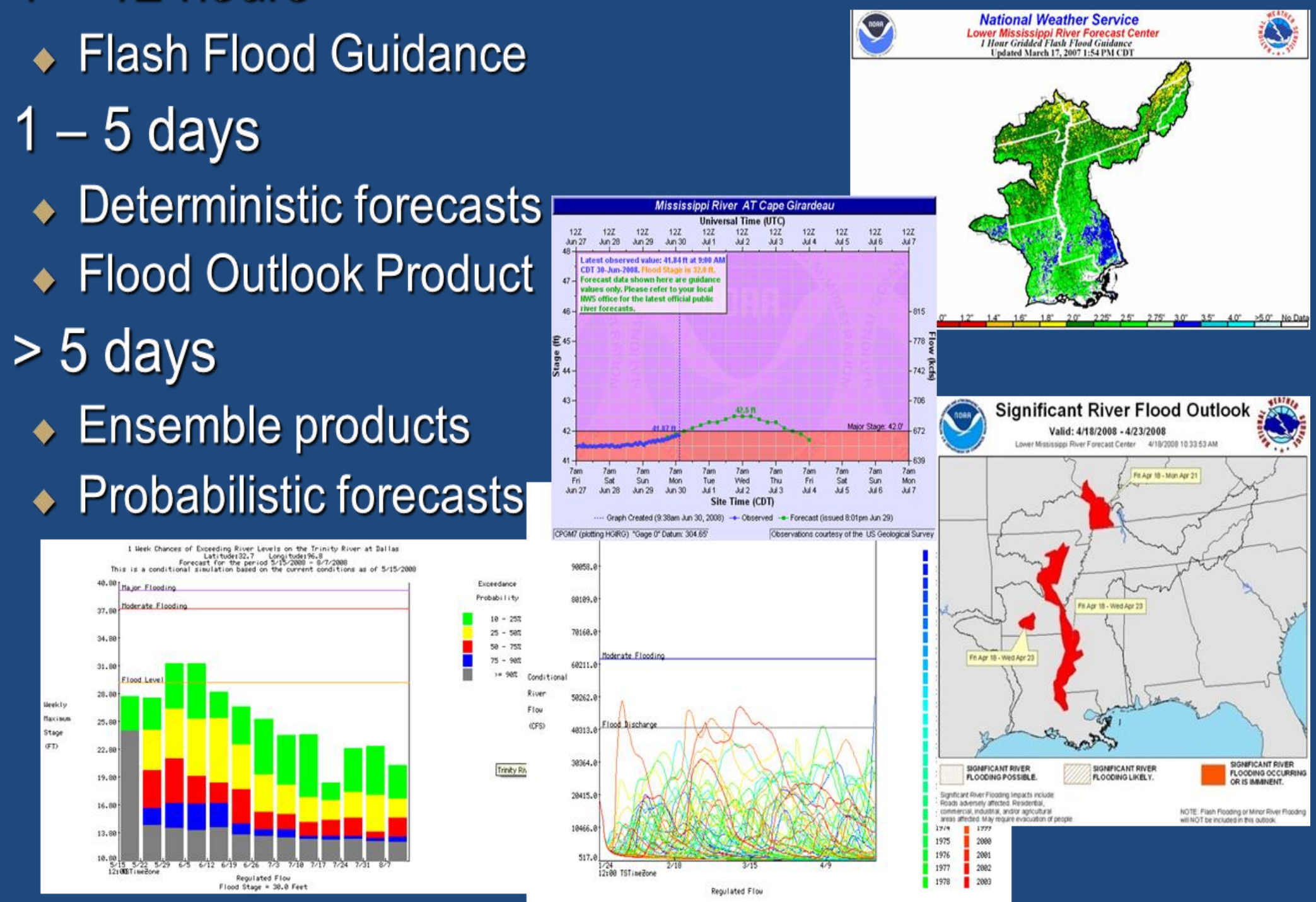
- Approx. 220,000 sq mi -- parts of 12 states
- River/Rainfall network of > 3000 gages
- 235 - Forecast Points
 - ◆ 221 daily forecast points
 - ◆ 14 - flood only points
- 18 locations with 28-day forecasts issued weekly
- 3 - NWS Regions (Central, Eastern, Southern)
- 18 - Weather Forecast Offices
- 26 - NWS WSR-88D Radars



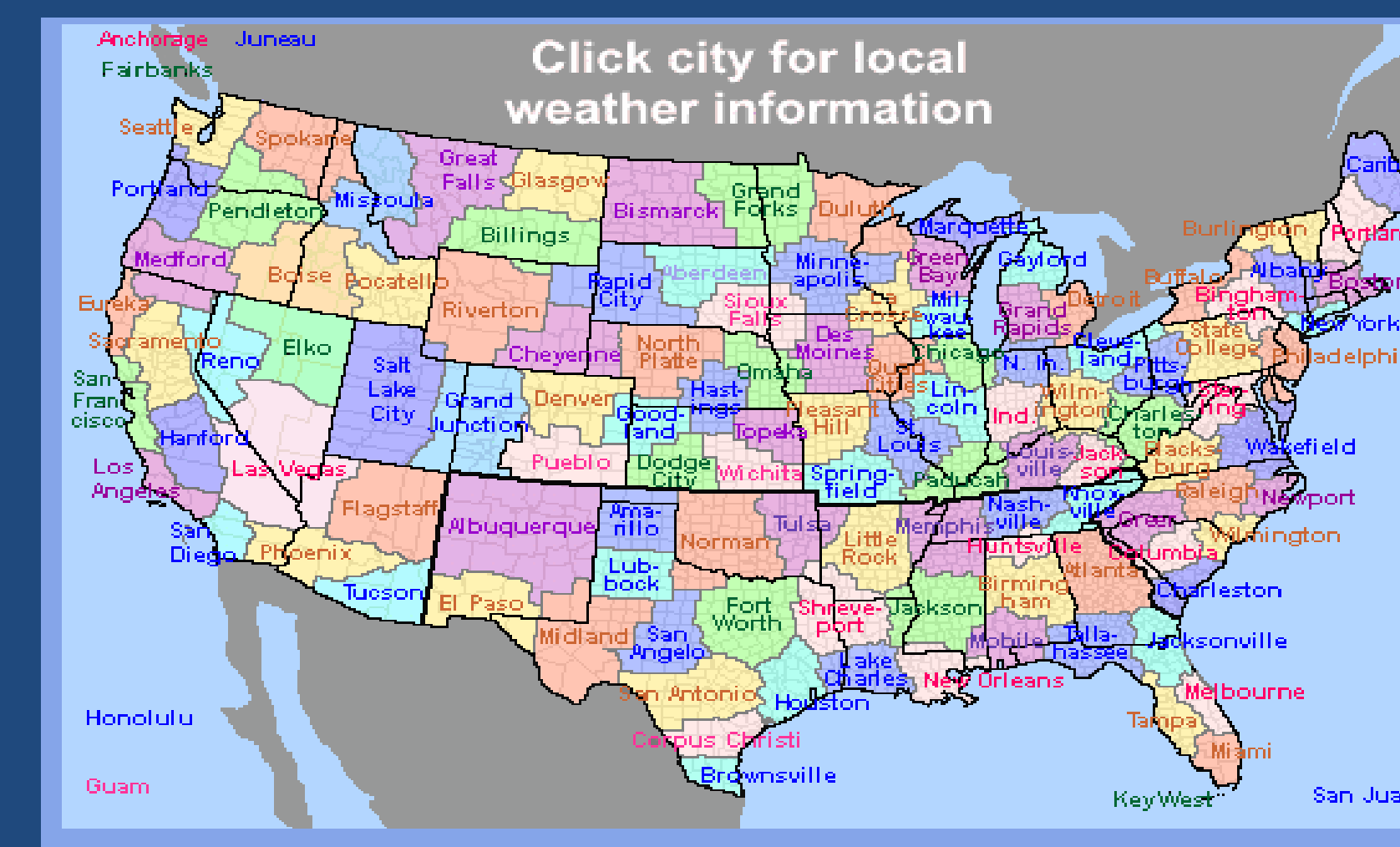
- 13 Offices (12 CONUS + 1 Alaska/Pacific)
- Hydro-geologic boundaries
- Daily Operations
 - ◆ Data collection and quality control
 - ◆ Precipitation and Hydrologic Forecasts
- Development
 - ◆ Calibration
 - ◆ New operational techniques

Forecast Time Scales

- 1 - 12 hours
 - ◆ Flash Flood Guidance
- 1 - 5 days
 - ◆ Deterministic forecasts
 - ◆ Flood Outlook Product
- > 5 days
 - ◆ Ensemble products
 - ◆ Probabilistic forecasts



Weather Forecast Offices

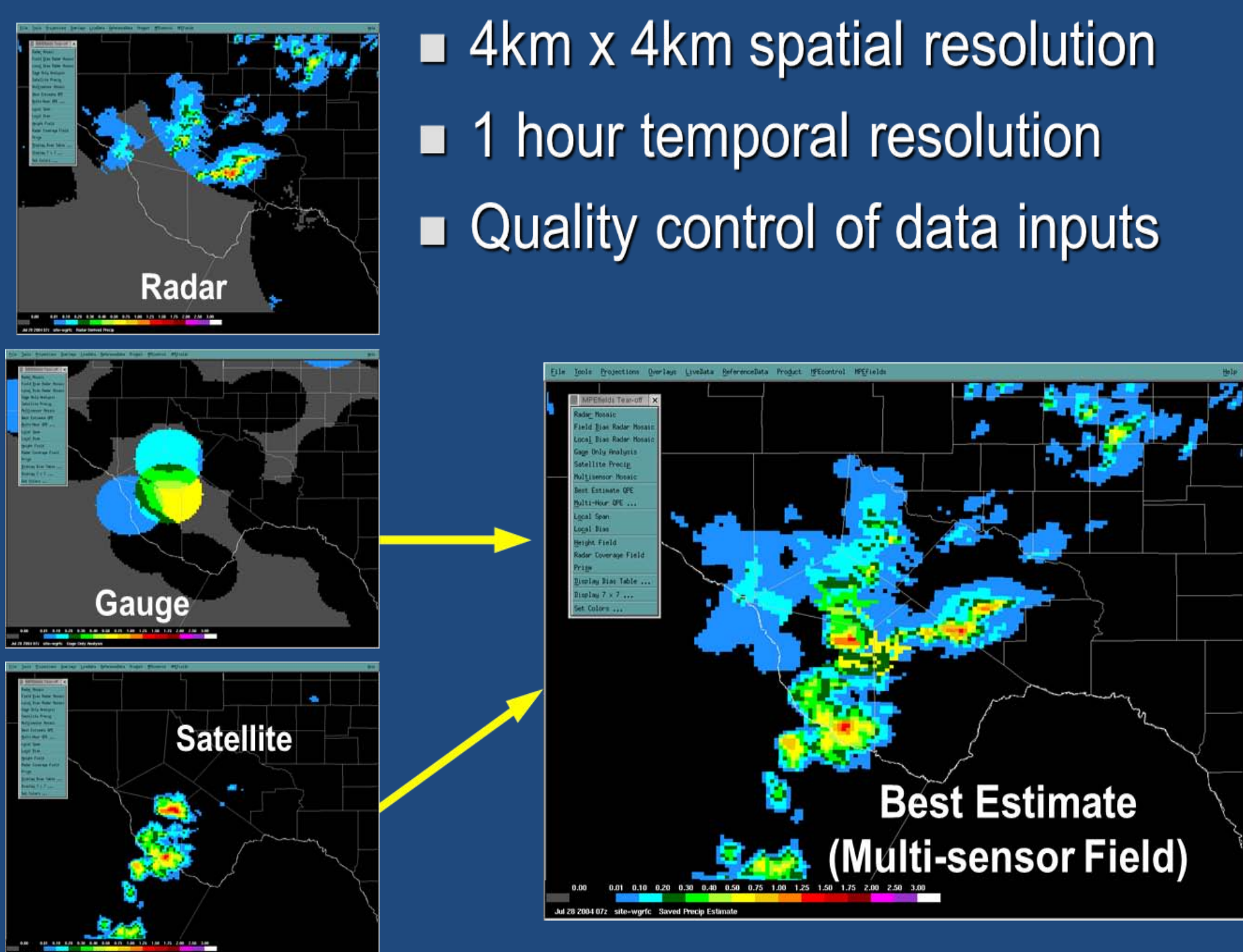


- 122 Offices
- Provide Weather and River/Flood Forecasts to the public and media

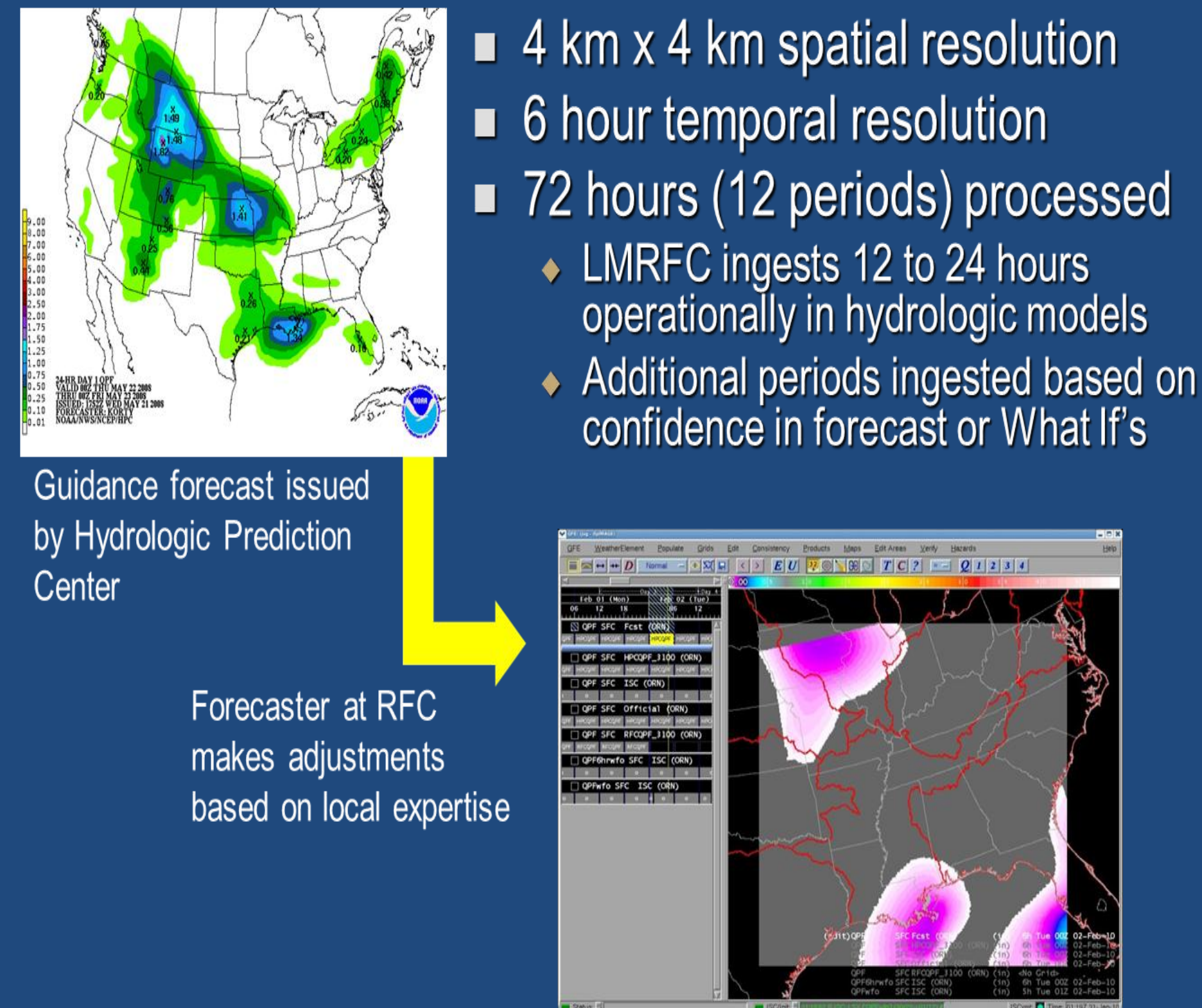
Spectrum of Flood Hazards



Precipitation Processing

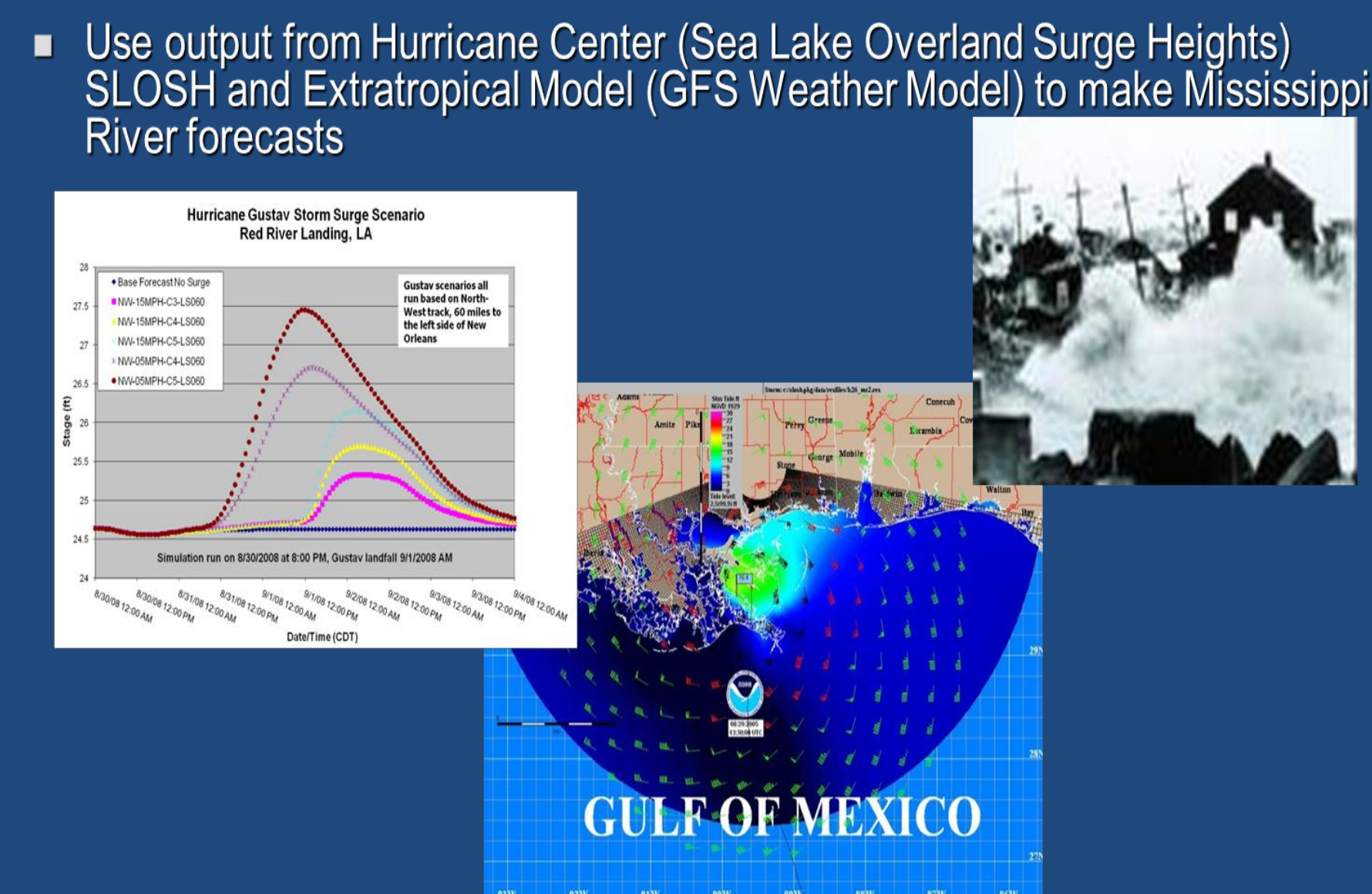


- 4km x 4km spatial resolution
- 1 hour temporal resolution
- Quality control of data inputs



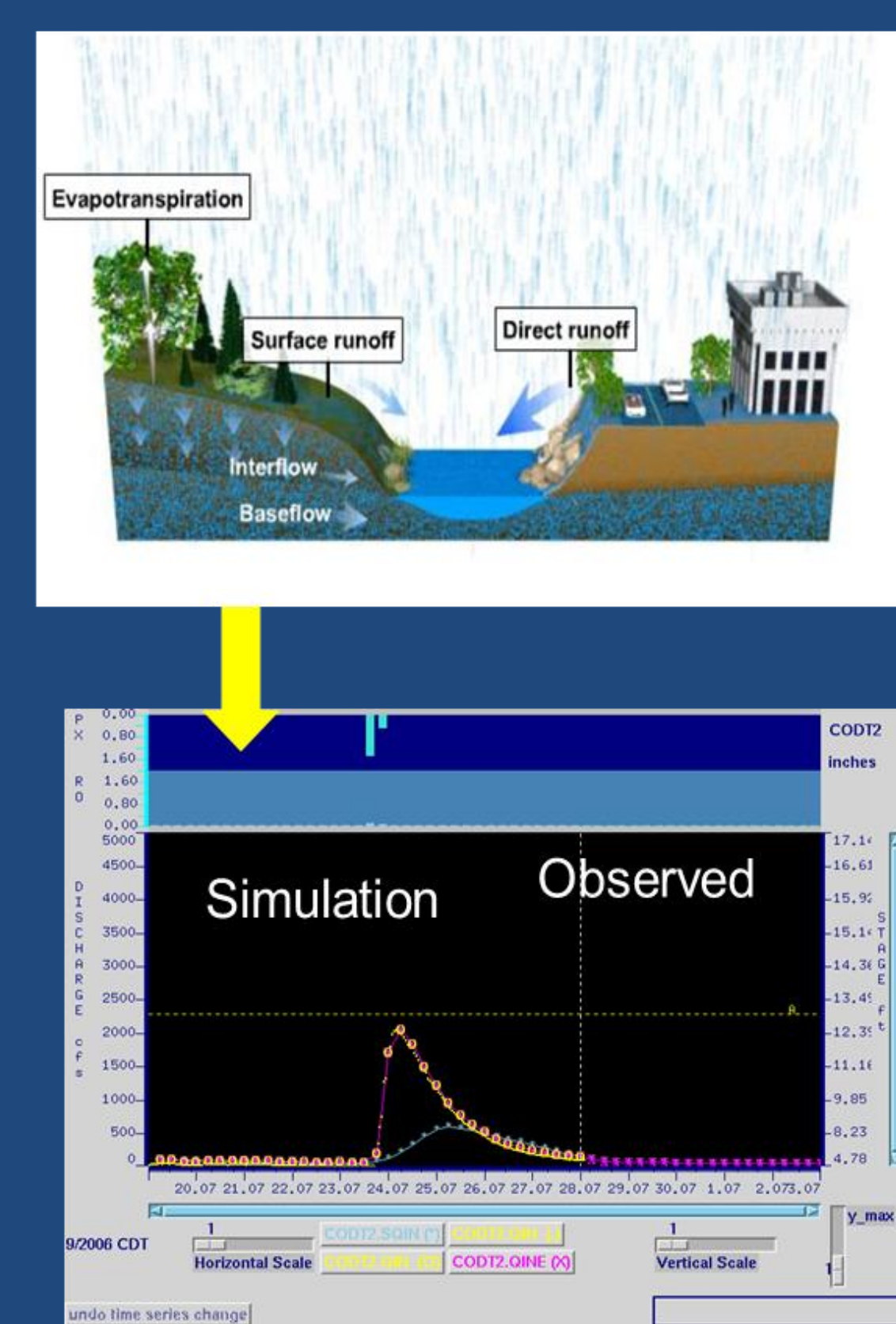
- 4 km x 4 km spatial resolution
- 6 hour temporal resolution
- 72 hours (12 periods) processed
 - ◆ LMRFC ingests 12 to 24 hours operationally in hydrologic models
 - ◆ Additional periods ingested based on confidence in forecast or What If's

Storm Surge



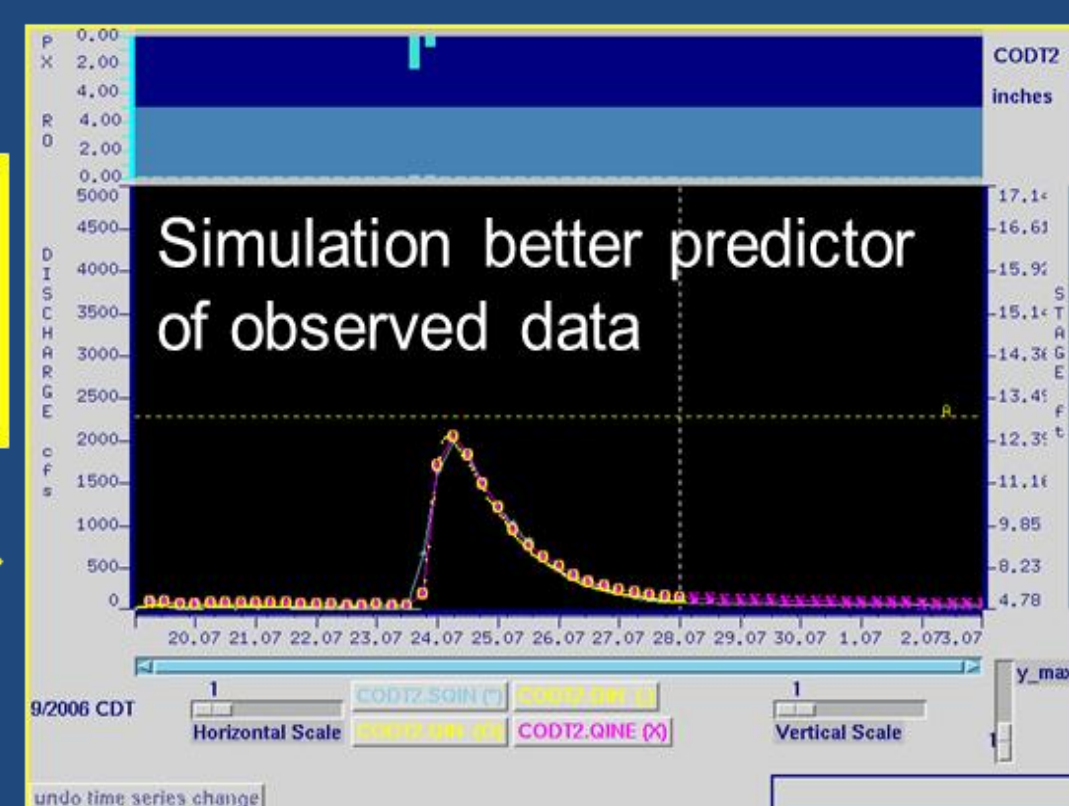
- Use output from Hurricane Center (Sea Lake Overland Surge Heights) SLOSH and Extratropical Model (GFS Weather Model) to make Mississippi River forecasts

River Forecasts

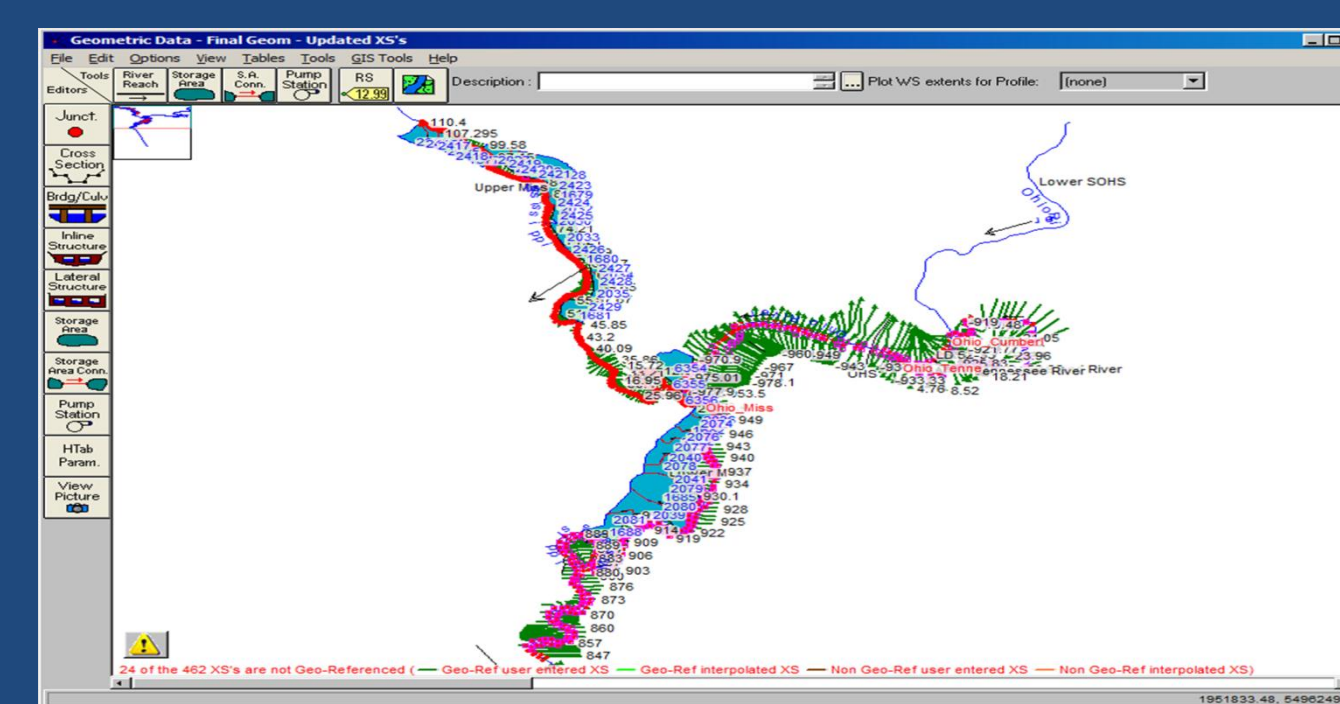


- Conceptual hydrologic models used to simulate physical processes on soil column (SAC-SMA)
- Extensive initial calibration of model parameters
- Forecasters use interactive program to adjust model parameters in real time

Forecasters adjust model parameters in real time



Hydraulic Models



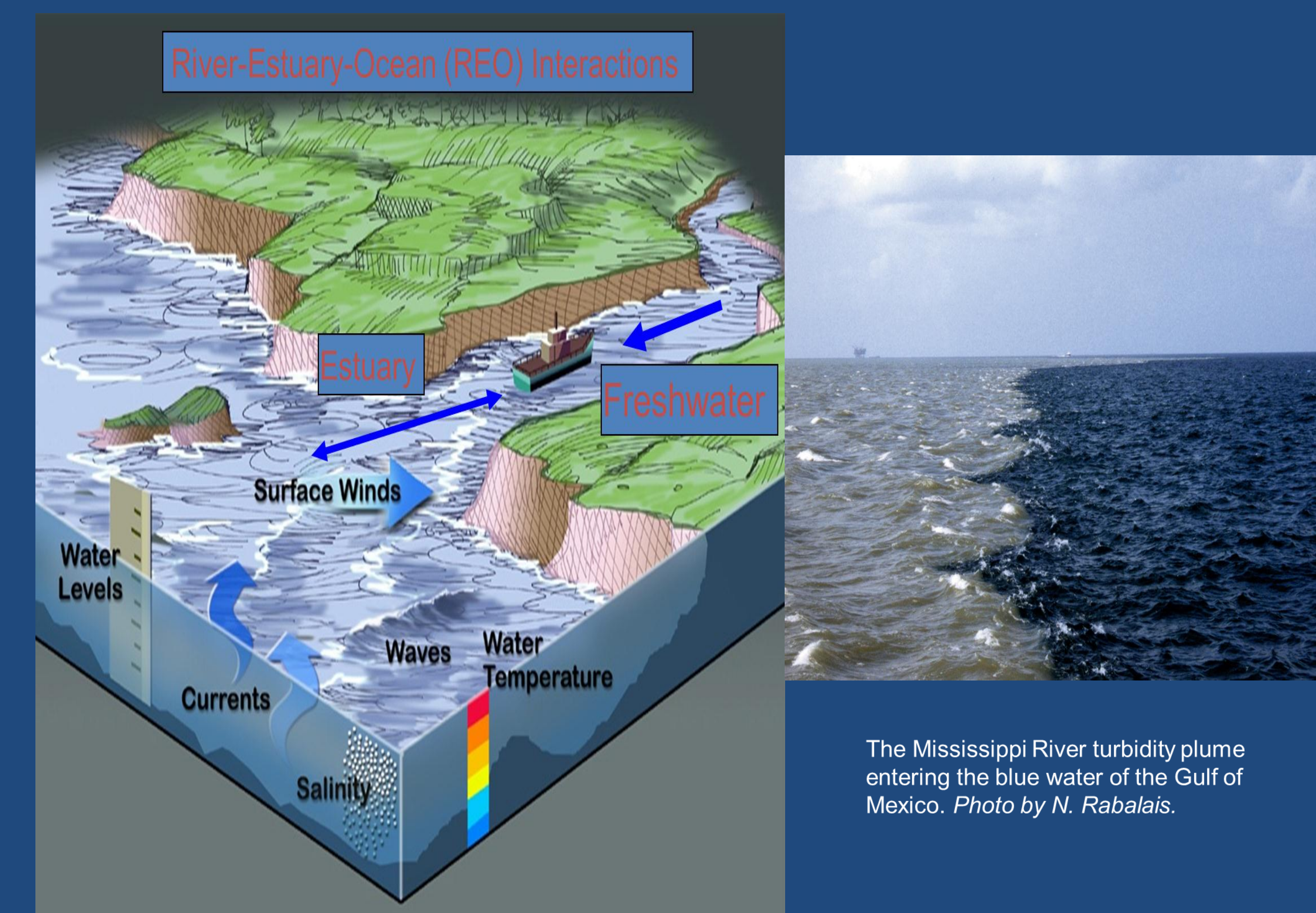
DWOPER

- Dynamic Wave Operational Model
- Legacy Hydraulic Model
- Developed by NWS
- Run for over 20 years
- No modeled floodways

HEC-RAS

- Community Model by NWS/USACE
- Started running locally during Spring 2011
- Birds Point New Madrid Floodway modeled

Future Capabilities



The Mississippi River turbidity plume entering the blue water of the Gulf of Mexico. Photo by N. Rabalais.